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City of Toronto Accessibility Design Guidelines 2015

Update to Disability Issues Committee

April 28th, 2015

By: Steve Willison, Facilities Management Division Joseph Salvagio, Facilities Management Division





Agenda

- Introduction
- AODA Background
- Toronto Accessibility Design Guidelines Update
- Questions & Answers





2005: Accessibility for Ontarians with Disabilities Act (AODA)

Legislation passed by the Ontario government in May 2005

- Allows the Province to develop, implement and enforce standards for accessibility
- Requires removal of barriers preventing people with disabilities from participating in normal daily activities
- Ontario is the first province in Canada to pass such legislation
- AODA applies to both **PUBLIC** and **PRIVATE** sector organizations

Goal is that Ontario becomes fully accessible by 2025





AODA Definition of Disability same as the OHRC







2009: City of Toronto Commitment to create an Accessible City (excerpt, City of Toronto Council, August 2009)

"The City of Toronto supports the goals of the Accessibility for Ontarians with Disabilities Act (AODA) **and will establish policies, practices and procedures which are consistent with the accessibility standards established under the AODA,** including accessible customer service, information and communication, employment, the built environment and transportation."

Goal is for the City to align with the Province's Goal to become fully accessible by 2025.





2014: 5 current AODA Standards

- 1. Customer Service Standard Enacted January 2008
- **2.** Information & Communication
- **3.** Employment
- 4. Transportation

Integrated Accessibility Standard Enacted July 2011

5. Accessible Built Environment Standard (ABES)

Comprised of 2 Parts:

- 5a. Design of Public Spaces Enacted January 1, 2013
- 5b. Building Code Accessibility Requirements (BCAR) based on Final Proposed Accessibility Built Environment Standard, 2010
 Resulted in Ontario Building Code 2012
 Accessibility Amendment 368/13 – Enacted January 1, 2015





5a. Design of Public Spaces – Enacted January 1, 2013

Accessibility within public areas

Requirements for all **NEW CONSTRUCTION** and **MAJOR RENOVATIONS** to public spaces

Includes:

- Recreational trails & parks
- Footbridges
- Eating areas
- Play spaces
- Public roads & sidewalks
- Public parking spaces





5b. Building Code Accessibility Requirements

Amendment to Ontario Building Code 368/13 – Enacted January 1, 2015

Accessibility within buildings and exterior areas requirements for all **NEW CONSTRUCTION** and **MAJOR RENOVATIONS**

Includes:

- Exterior Spaces
- Common Access & Circulation
- Interior Accessible Routes
- Communication Elements & Facilities
- Plumbing Elements & Facilities
- Building Performance & Maintenance
- Special Rooms, Spaces and Other Elements





The current situation...

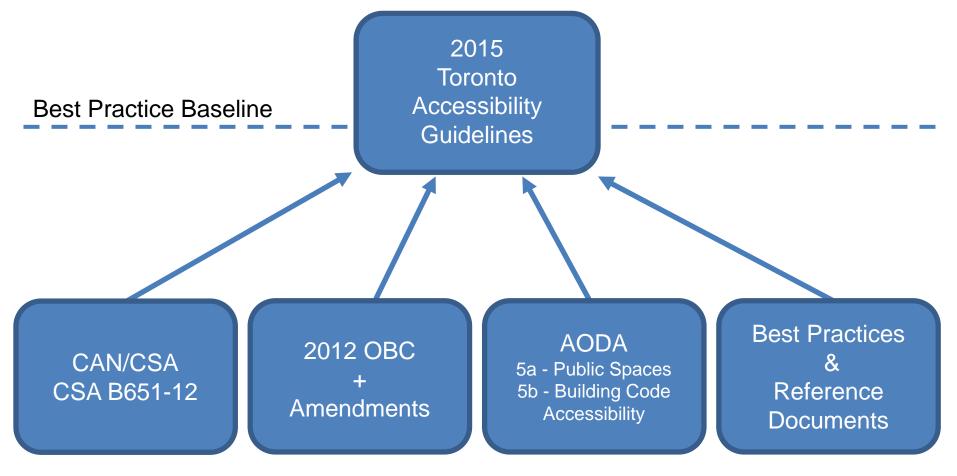


- 1. Ontario Building Code, 2012 Amendments to Barrier-Free Section 3.8
- 2. AODA, Design of Public Spaces, 2012
- 3. AODA, Final Proposed Built Environmental Standard, 2010
- 4. City of Toronto Accessibility Design Guidelines, 2004





The proposed situation...







Toronto Accessibility

Guidelines, 2004

Toronto Accessibility Design Guidelines - Comparison Matrix

Accessible Built Environment Standards,

2010

Ontario Building Code Updates to the 2012 Ontario AODA Proposed

Building Code

(sample page) CSA B651-12 City of Toronto Other Accessibility Design Guideline, 2014

2006

INTERIOR ACCESS AND CIRCULATION							
Accessible Interior Routes Contract Con							
	3.8.			2.2.1, 2.2.2	5.1		
Turning circle	1500 mm	Varies between 1500-1800 mm	2500 mm	1600 mm	1500 mm	IDeA p.3: 2500 mm	-
Clear width	1100 mm		1100 mm minimum		U-turns: <1200, 1100 mm >1200, 1100 mm U-turns where obstacle: <1200, 1100 mm >1200, 920 mm	London: Primary: 1830mm; Secondary: 1100mm;	-
Unobstructed Passing areas	1600 x 1600 mm, located every 30 m	1800 mm x 1800 mm, located every 30 m	Passing area 30 m apart for routes less than 1620 mm in width Clear floor space greater than 1830 x 2200 mm	Passing area 20 m apart for routes less than 1100 mm in width Clear floor space greater than 1600 x 1600 mm	1600 mm x 1600 mm, located every 30 m	-	-
Convex mirrors	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Universal Mobility Device Size(Scooter)	-	-	-	660 mm (w) x 1345 mm (l)		IDeA Research PPT: 860 x 1480 mm	-
Reach Requirements							
					_	London 4.1.1	
Side Reach	-	-	500 mm - 1000 mm deep	460-1370 mm AFF	-	255 mm max.	-
Side Reach over an Obstruction	-	-	500 mm grasp reach	510 mm grasp reach	-	610 mm max.	-
Forward Reach	-	-	635 mm max.	1370 mm AFF	-	635 mm max.	_





Toronto Accessibility Design Guidelines 2015

Scope Documents:

- 1. Ontario Building Code, Amendments to Barrier-Free Section 3.8, 2012
- 2. AODA, Design of Public Spaces 2012
- 3. AODA, Final Proposed Built Environmental Standard Draft 2010
- 4. City of Toronto Accessibility Design Guidelines, 2004

PLUS

Best Practice and Reference Documents:

- City of Toronto Vibrant Streets
- City of Toronto Construction Drawing Standards
- City of Toronto Transportation Service Standards
- City of Toronto Playground Standards
- CSA Z614-07 Children's Play Spaces and Equipment
- London Facility Accessibility Design Standards 2007
- CSA B651-12 Bus Shelters, Self Service Interactive Devices
- IDeA: Design Resources 2011
- CNIB, Clearing our Path 2011
- ISO 23599:2012 Assistive Products for Blind and Vision Impaired Persons
- Parking By-law 569 Chapter 200 2013
- CSA B44 (Annex E of B651-12) Elevators
- Information Regarding Accessible Dog Parks





City of Toronto Accessibility Design Guidelines 2015 Milestone Schedule:

•	Create Stakeholder Committee from other Divisions and interest groups to review technical sect	ions March 2014
•	Issue RFQ for accessibility design consultant	May 2014
•	Consultant to Review Scope and reference documents and prepare comparison matrices	June - October 2014
•	Stakeholder Committee Workshop Meetings	June - October 2014
•	Consultant to prepare 50% draft of Guidelines document for Stakeholder review	November 2014
•	50 % Guidelines review from Stakeholders	December - January 2015
•	Develop Guidelines to 75% based on 50% review from Stakeholders	February - April 2015
•	75% Guidelines to be reviewed by Stakeholders	April - May 2015
•	Develop Guidelines to 90% based on review from Stakeholders feedback.	May - June 2015
•	90% Guidelines to be reviewed by Stakeholders	June 2015
•	90% Guidelines to be reviewed by IDST, Disability Issues Committee, CCOO and FDC – SMT	July - August 2015
•	Develop Guidelines to 100% based Public Consultation, DIC, CCO, SMT Feedback	August - September 2015
•	100% Guidelines to be presented to: - CCOO Deputy City Manager City Manager GMC	September 2015
•	Council Endorsement of 100% 2015 Guidelines	January 2016
•	Implement Staff Training + Support City Staff	December 2015 - Ongoing





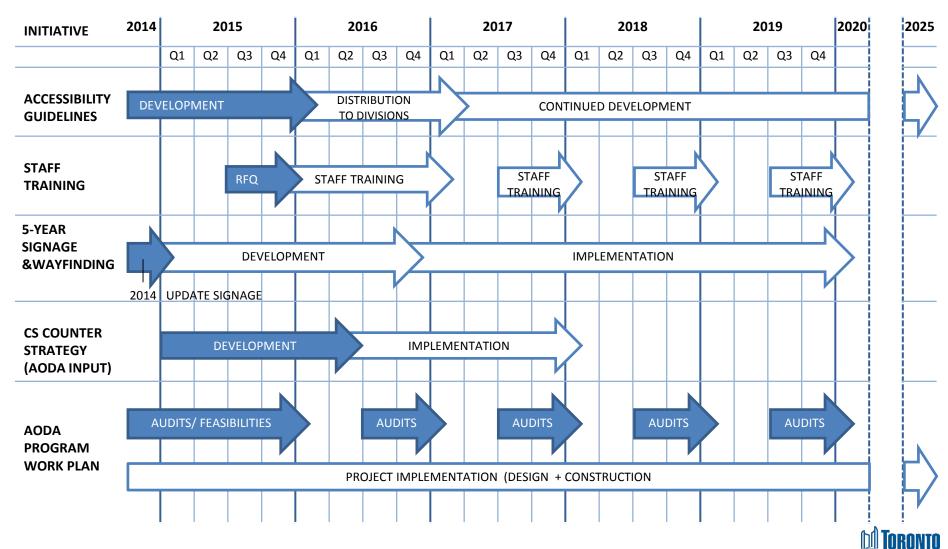
Stakeholder Committee Members

	Project Sponsor:Equity DiversionProject Lead:Facilities MaProject Consultant:Accessibility	c			
		+ Committee Stakeholders IDST Committee Customer Service Steering Committee			
City Divisional Stakeholders					
• • • • • •	Equity Diversity + Human Rights Division Facilities Management Parks Forestry and Recreation Transportation Services Engineering + Construction Services Toronto Building Planning Division Municipal Licensing Standards	 Social Development Finance + Administration Childrens Services Toronto Police Services Long-Term Care Homes & Services City Clerk's Office Toronto Water Public Health Fire Services / EMS 			
Ci • •	ty Board + Agency Stakeholders TTC Metrolinx Waterfront Toronto Toronto Parking Authority	Private Citizen + Non-Profit Stakeholders• Pegasus Toronto• CDAC• CNIB• Other• Disability Specialists (Al Reeves)			

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Facilities Management AODA Initiatives and Long Term Work Plan





Next Steps:

- Update the TAG guidelines to 75%
- Expand List of Internal Divisional Stakeholder and Public Stakeholder Review
- Consolidation of Common Headings and Topics
- Update to Diagrams + Reference Tables
- Appendices and Definitions
- Identify a Prioritization and Renovation Compliance Criteria
- Institute Staff Training

Future Goals and Priorities:

- Establish a TAG Compliance + Enforcement Strategy
- Audit + Alignment of Applicable By-Laws and Policies
- Provide Ongoing Support to City Staff and Public Living Document / Adaptable
- Evaluation/Audit of City Properties for Compliance





Challenges

Current Challenges:

- Decision Making and Consensus
- Establishing a Best Practice Baseline
- Criteria for Renovation Compliance Alternatives

Future Challenges:

- Anticipating Funding and Budget Allocations to Implement Capital Upgrades
- Endorsement and Enforcement
- Update and Alignment of Municipal City By-Laws and Policies





Thank you for listening ...

Questions ??

